CIVIPOL

Technical training in early detection of cyber-attacks and intelligence sharing with critical operators

Terms of Reference

Title of the assignment

Technical training in early detection of cyber-attacks and intelligence sharing with critical operators

1 - General context and objectives

A continuous dialogue between the European Union and Lebanon has been focussing, for several years, on security and counter-terrorism. Aligned with the European Neighbourhood Policy and the European Union Global Strategy on Foreign and Security Policy, an agreed roadmap addresses the areas of counter-terrorism, justice and law enforcement, countering terrorism financing and violent extremism, among others.

The **project** "Advance Counter Terrorism for Lebanon security" (2020-2023), led by the International and Ibero-American Foundation for Administration and Public Policy (FIIAPP), aims at reinforcing national capacities in Lebanon to react to the threats of terrorism and organized crime while promoting rule of law and human rights, in line with international standards.

Three specific objectives are pursued:

SO 1: To strengthen the regulatory framework and national response against terrorism in line with international standards. This includes supporting counter-terrorism interagency coordination.

SO 2: To enhance protection and response against terrorism through an improved cybersecurity national system.

SO 3: To apply a rights based approach to CT/VE cases by law enforcement officials and Courts. This includes strengthening a lawful collection of evidences to be legally used before the Court.

The digitalisation of society translates the challenges of terrorism and organized crime into the

cyberspace. Therefore, the project counts as its **specific objective 2** to enhance protection and response against terrorism and crime through an improved cybersecurity national system.

In close relation with the Lebanese National Coordination for the project, key **stakeholders** include officials from the Lebanese Law Enforcement Agencies, such as the Lebanese Armed Forces (LAF), the Internal Security Forces (ISF), the General Security (GS) and the State Security (SS) as well as civil servants of various ministries and public authorities in charge of supervising critical infrastructure operators, in sectors such as Defence, Interior, Telecommunications, Banking, Health and so forth. Besides, Parliamentary Committees, representatives of the National Human Rights Commission and members of Civil Society Organizations will count amongst regular counterparts as well. Finally, partnerships with private companies and Universities will be highly promoted.

Two **results** are expected in the domain of cybersecurity: the enhancement of national capacity to prevent and counter cyber-terrorism and cyber-organized crime, on the one hand, and the enhancement of a general awareness on cybersecurity and cybercrime, on the other hand.

Prevention and protection against terrorism and crime

Cyber risk prevention is above all an inter-ministerial policy aimed at the protection and resilience of critical infrastructure. So, building prevention capacity at the national level requires the initiation of a continuous endeavour, based on an effective collaboration of the capacities held by the LEAs as well as by the most capable economic sectors (telecom, banking, etc.) and finally relying on the academic skills of the university actors and on the encouraging initiatives of innovative digital companies in Lebanon. This effort designs the following activity axes:

- Ability to observe reality (Surveillance probes and Security Operating Centres), in line with the rule of law and in accordance with considerations of proportionality and respect for citizens privacy,

- Generation of knowledge (Cyber Threat Intelligence), by improving coordination between state agencies dotted with investigative resources,

- Translation of this knowledge into guidelines and regulations: these guidelines could consist in mandatory security rules for critical infrastructure operators as well as they could be designed to be delivered more widely, incentivizing security enhancement within voluntary beneficiaries or towards the general population.

2 - Description of the assignment

Background

Initial milestones have been passed in the development of Security Operations Centres (SOC) within the law enforcement community as well as within some critical operators, notably in the banking and telecom sectors. Successes are also to be reported on Lebanese private initiatives, providing "SOC as a service" to several critical infrastructure operators of the health sector (major hospitals of Beirut), the banking sector and the telecom sector. The Lebanese University is also building-up its cyber security team.

An inventory of these public, academic and private capabilities has been achieved in November 2021 and a technical training has been delivered in December 2021 about Cyber Threat Intelligence analysis, knowledge management and sharing.

Objective

To empower targeted cybersecurity supervision teams of state and critical actors to early detect, analyse and,

through effective information sharing, understand comprehensively a large-scale cyber-attack in progress.

Secondarily, to raise awareness to the need of assessing the operational impact of a cyber incident on critical services and to highlight the need for structured communication channels to the operational and political levels, capacities that will be trained further by subsequent trainings (Activities 2.1.16 and 2.1.17).

Expected result

The capabilities of cybersecurity teams from state and critical operators are enhanced in a comprehensive sequence of cyber threat intelligence generation, analysis and sharing.

3 - Course of the assignment

Tasks required

Cyber incident design – 5 working days

- Taking into account the training achieved in previous activities 2.1.29 and 2.1.29b, developing a training sequence, specifically designed for the Lebanese state and critical actors from law enforcement agencies, justice, telecom and banking sectors, aimed at carrying out a comprehensive course of early detection, analysis and assessment of a large-scale cyber-attack in progress

Training session – 5 working days in Lebanon

- Delivery of an initial presentation of the course

- Conduction of the exercise at a technical level

- Awareness-raising on incident management framework, drawing from the need to anticipate operational consequences from the technical incident assessment

- Addressing the topic of crisis communication, drawing from return of experience of best practices in terms of cyber incident management

- Animating a conclusive workshop

Specific recommendations – 2 working days

- Drawing from the training session, extend the activity report by providing specific recommendations on how to adapt the objectives to be addressed by coming activities 2.1.16 and 2.1.17 in order to train the beneficiaries on cyber incident Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)

Deliverables and outputs of the mission

- Complete exercise scenario booklet (initial situation slideshow and technical event injection sequence)

- Curriculum on theoretical framework and best practices in terms of intelligence sharing and communication during a cyber incident

- Specific recommendations for following trainings on cyber incident Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)

- Activity Report (list of people met / recommendations for improvement / experience feedback – according to the templated provided)

NB: the deliverables are to be drafted in English.

4 - Location, duration and financing of the assignment

Places of the mission

The mission will be deployed in Beirut, Lebanon.

The training shall be held in the city as well as outside the city, to be determined accordingly to the stakeholders' facilities.

Nevertheless, depending of Covid-19 restrictions, all or part of the agenda may be carried out remotely.

Period of the mission

The mission will take place in March 2022.

Duration of the mission

The estimated duration is 12 working days.

Financial aspects

The expert will receive fees for each working day.

A working day can be invoiced if the expert spends at least seven working hours, excluding any break. STEs are bound by the rules on hours of work in force in the Lebanese administration.

5 - Required expertise

Qualifications and skills

Advance academic degree (Master's level or upper) or equivalent experience in cybersecurity and crisis management.

Mastery of English is a must. Knowledge in other languages in use in Lebanon would be an asset (Arabic or French).

Excellent writing and analytical skills in drafting concept notes and reports.

Very good pedagogical skills.

General professional experience

At least 12 years of professional experience in the domain of Cybersecurity.

Specific professional experience

At least 5 years of professional experience in the fields of Cyber Threat Intelligence and/or crisis management.

Experience in at least two national capacity building projects in the field of Cyber Threat Intelligence sharing and/or Cyber crisis management.